





# Rucio data management system for the SPD experiment

Alexey Konak, Danila Oleynik, Artem Petrosyan JINR MLIT konak@jinr.ru

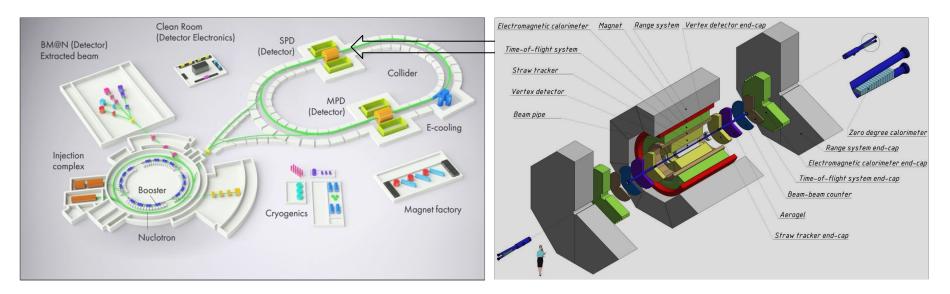
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# Spin Physics Detector (SPD)



The spin structure of the **nucleon** is one of the fundamental properties of matter. The spin of a nucleon is distributed between its components — **quarks** and **gluons**, and their mutual movement.

The EMC, HERMES, and COMPASS experiments have made it possible to study in detail the contribution of **quarks** to spin. However, the role of **gluons** remains poorly understood and requires further research.

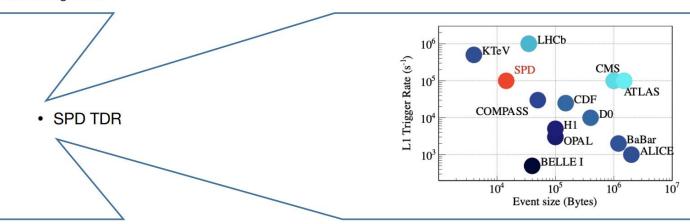


The SPD facility is being developed for a more accurate study of the contribution of **gluons** to the spin of the **nucleon**.

# SPD as data source



The expected event rate of the SPD experiment is about 3 MHz (pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 27$  GeV and  $10^{32}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> design luminosity). This is equivalent to a raw data rate of 20 GB/s or 200 PB/year, assuming a detector duty cycle is 0.3, while the signal-to-background ratio is expected to be on the order of  $10^{-5}$ . Taking into account the bunch-crossing rate of 12.5 MHz, one may conclude that pile-up probability cannot be neglected.



The goal of the online filter is at least to decrease the data rate by a factor of 20, so that the annual growth of data, including the simulated samples, stays within 10 PB. Then, data are transferred to the Tier-1 facility, where a full reconstruction takes place and the data is stored permanently. The data analysis and Monte-Carlo simulation will likely run at the remote computing centres (Tier-2s). Given the large data volume, a thorough optimization of the event model and performance of the reconstruction and simulation algorithms are necessary.

# SPD DAQ

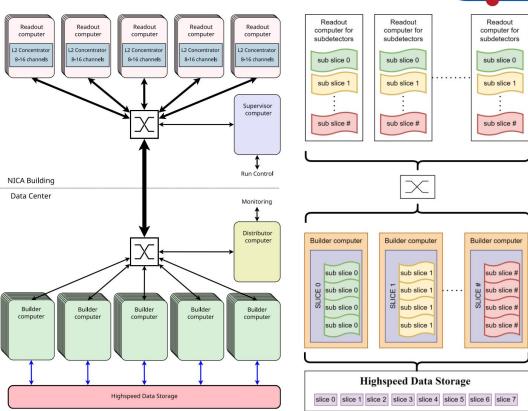


### Why triggerless DAQ:

- No fast detectors to form a "classic" trigger signal.
- No 4π detector with 100% efficiency to detect the collisions.
- The wide SPD physical program eliminates a possibility of rejecting events at a hardware level.

### Free run DAQ Speciality

- DAQ provide data organized in time slices which placed in files with reasonable size (a few GB).
- Each of these file may be processed independently as a part of top-level workflow chain.



# SPD Online Filter

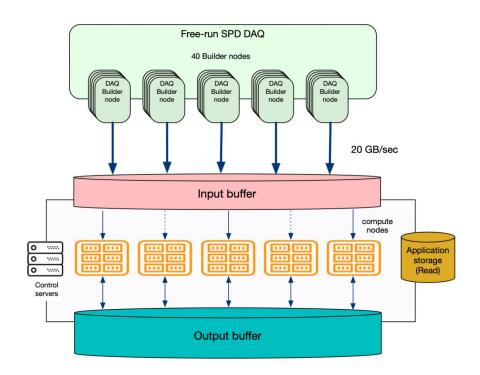


Online filter is the first stage in data processing chain for SPD Experiment (right after DAQ)
Main goals:

- Events unscrambling through partial reconstruction.
- Software trigger, which essentially is event filter.

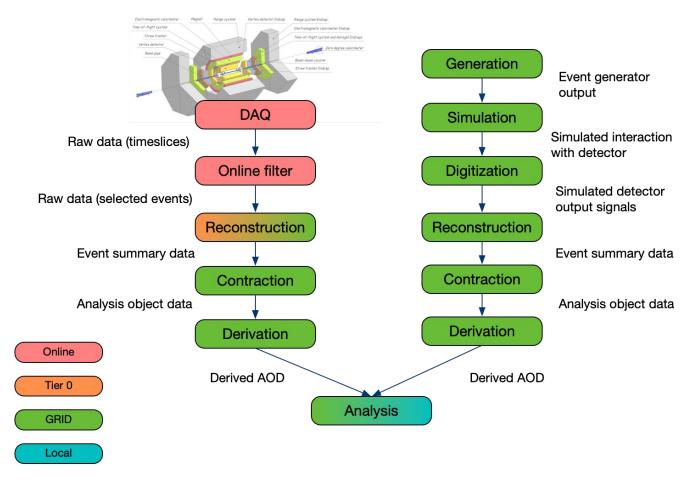
SPD Online Filter is a high performance computing system for high throughput processing.

- Hardware component: compute cluster with two storage systems and set of working nodes: multi-CPU and hybrid multi CPU + Neural network accelerators (GPU, FPGA etc.)
- Applied software: performs informational processing of data. Had to use same framework as 'offline' applied software.
- Middleware component: software complex for management of multistep data processing and efficient loading (usage) of computing facility.



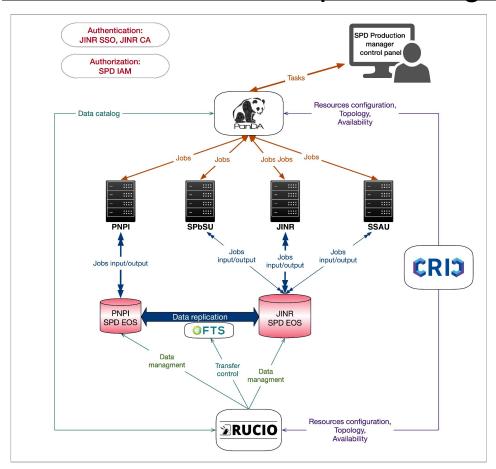
# SPD Distributed data processing





# SPD distributed data processing system





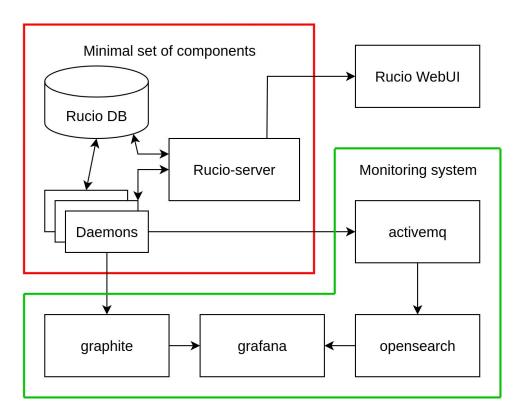
Offline data processing system includes the following components:

- Authentication system: JINR SSO
- Authorization system: IAM
- Information system: CRIC
- Software distribution service: CVMFS
- Data management system: Rucio
- Data transfer service: FTS
- Workflow management system: SPD own solution & PanDA
- Workload management system: PanDA

# SPD Rucio deployment



At the moment, the required set of system components of three Rucio-servers are deployed in Docker containers based on JINR cloud computing infrastructure

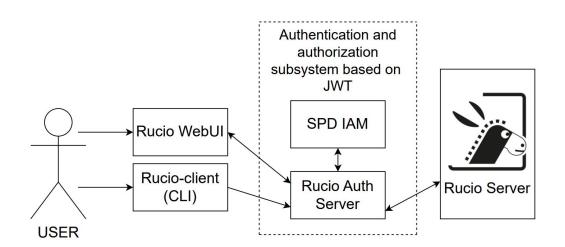


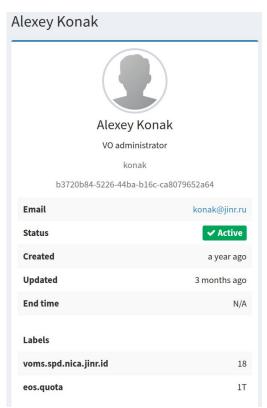
- Production Infrastructure with main Rucio-server which works stable and used for the needs of the SPD collaboration.
- Development environment. This infrastructure is used for development, testing and debugging.
- Integration environment. All updates and innovations are checked and tested on this installation before being put on the Prod infrastructure.
- PostgreSQL as the RDBMS backend

# IAM integration



- IAM is a single source of info about users and their rights in the distributed computing environment of the SPD experiment.
- IAM provides authorization to all services and systems (including Rucio) with an access token and an ID token obtained during authorization in SPD IAM.
- Information about users imports from IAM to Rucio.
- User quota is defined in the IAM it is taken into account in Rucio and in EOS.





# **CRIC** integration



- Importing configuration information about storage systems from CRIC to Rucio.
- Management of storage system configuration from a single location.
- Creation of new RSE is possible with CRIC Controller.

| Storage Unit Name | ♦ Site   | Type | State  | ¢ |
|-------------------|----------|------|--------|---|
| SPD-JINR-DATA     | JINR-SPD | DISK | ACTIVE |   |
| SPD-PNPI-DATA     | PNPI-SPD | DISK | ACTIVE |   |
| Storage Unit Name | Site     | Туре | State  |   |

| vo  | NICA Site       | State  | Tier | Site  | Storage Units |
|-----|-----------------|--------|------|-------|---------------|
| spd | <b>JINR-SPD</b> | ACTIVE | T1   | JINR  | SPD-JINR-DATA |
| spd | PNPI-SPD        | ACTIVE | T2   | PNPI  | SPD-PNPI-DATA |
| spd | SPbSU-SPD       | ACTIVE | T2   | SPbSU |               |
| spd | SSAU-SPD        | ACTIVE | T2   | SSAU  |               |

| Associated Params  |         |       |  |                  |            |              |  |
|--------------------|---------|-------|--|------------------|------------|--------------|--|
|                    |         |       |  | Sear             | ch:        |              |  |
| ? Parameter        | type 🕴  | value | Param description                            | <b>♦ Allowe</b>  | d values 🕴 | Ops          |  |
| max transfer limit | integer | 50    | Max destination transfer limit used by Rucio | d - <i>any</i> - |            | <b>② ☑</b> × |  |
| static usage       | string  | 4 PB  | The value for static usage in rucio          | - any -          |            | <b>② ☑</b> × |  |

**CRIC** Controller utility

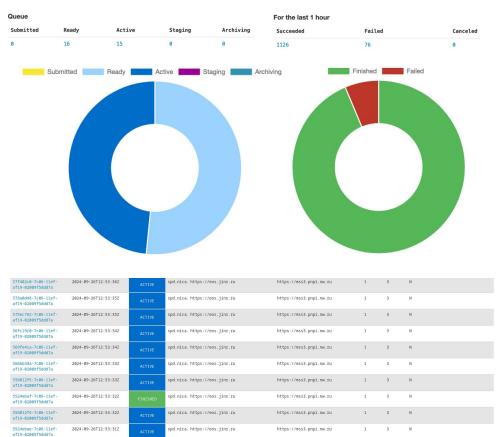




# FTS3 integration



- One instance of data transfer service.
- Transfers and delegation with x509\_proxy credentials (oidc not implemented yet).
- Custom docker image with conveyor-daemons.
- No limitation of number of transfers (in progress).
- Keeping two replicas of productions on two sites.



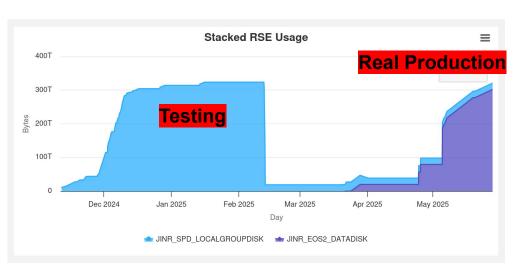
https://mss3.pnpi.nw.ru

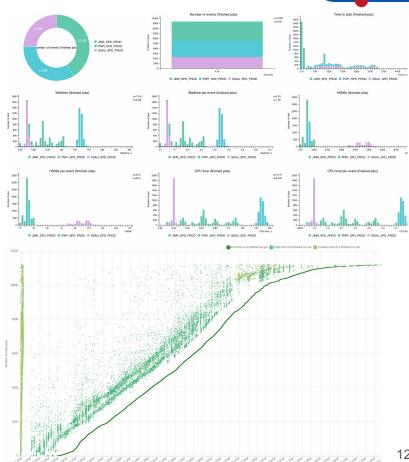
spd.nica. https://eos.jinr.ru

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# PanDA integration

- PanDA and Rucio is used for mass production of SPD.
- Interaction of PanDA and Rucio was tested in various forms as well as different data organisation.
- Rucio informs PanDA about storage space left.



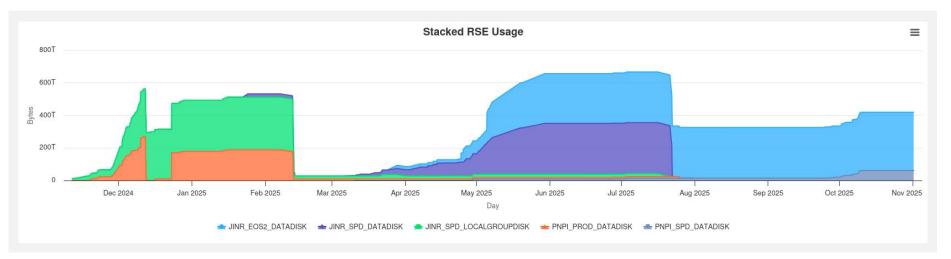


# Data Challenge



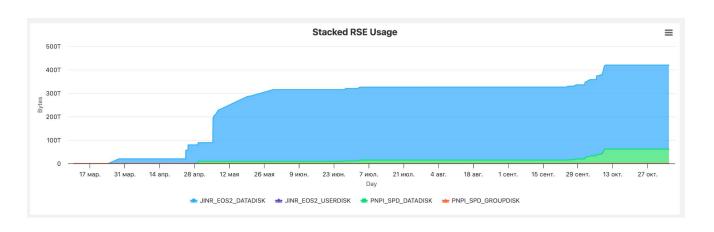
#### We have a few RSE in JINR and PNPI:

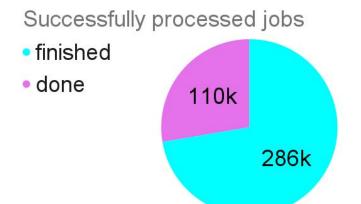
- SPD\_JINR\_LOCALGROUPDISK and PNPI\_PROD\_DATADISK were used for testing interactions between Rucio-PanDA-FTS3 on scale.
- JINR\_SPD\_DATADISK SPD production data storage on shared JINR EOS facility;
- JINR\_EOS2\_DATADISK SPD production data on the SPD own storage facility at JINR;
- PNPI\_SPD\_DATADISK SPD production data on the SPD storage at PNPI.

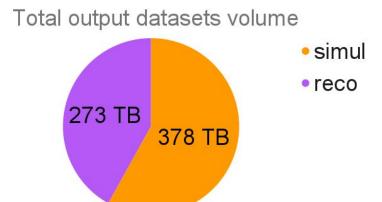


# **Productions results**







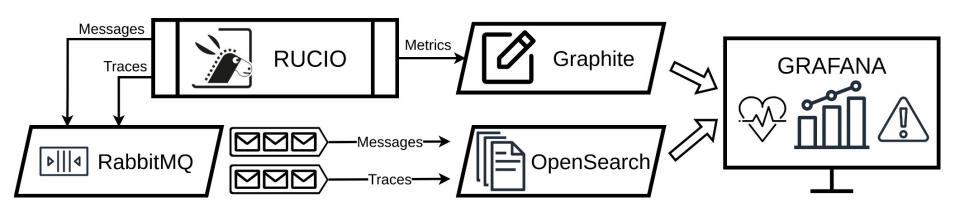


# **Monitoring System**



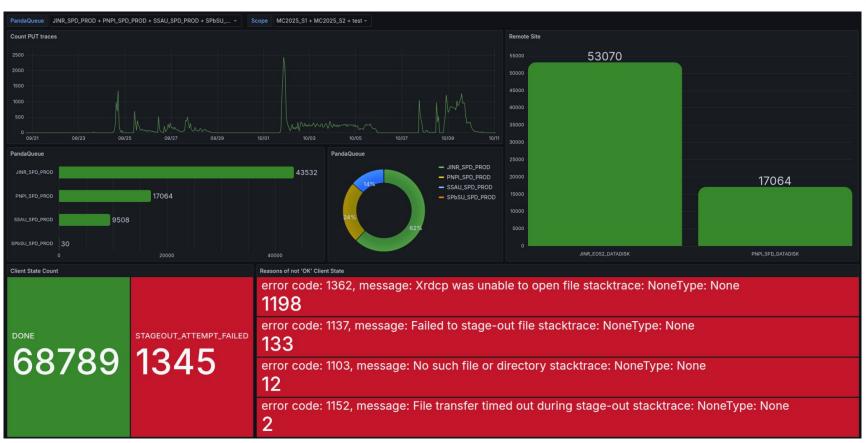
## Components of Monitoring System:

- Graphite: collects metrics from Rucio server.
- RabbitMQ: queues with messages and traces.
- OpenSearch: documents with messages and traces (long term storage).
- Grafana: visualizations.



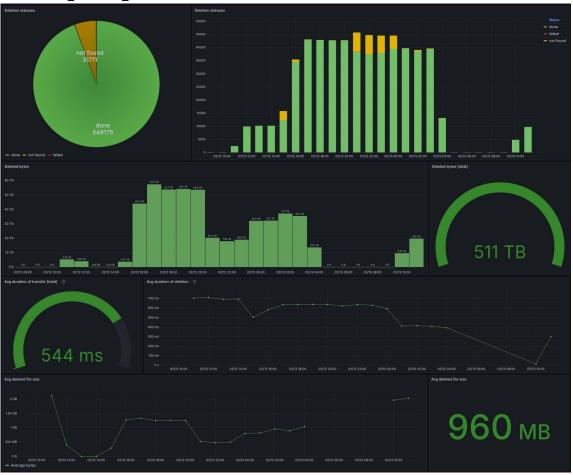
# Monitoring System [1/2]





# Monitoring System [2/2]





# **Summary**



- Rucio allows the SPD experiment to solve data management tasks.
- Easy installation of the demo version. Problems arise during the deployment and configuration of the production environment.
  - Installing and configuring the system requires reasonable time and some skill, but it is generally a technical task.
  - There is a lack of documentation on configuring daemons and deploying monitoring.
  - Some solutions involve using the CERN infrastructure which is also not reflected in the documentation, and therefore we have to add our own implementations.

# Future plans



- The development of monitoring already begun.
- Consistency-check need to integrate standart Rucio solution and developing own tools.
- User policy dividing users into groups and reviewing the allowed actions for these groups.
- User support development documentation for users.
- Start using TAPE storages.
- SPD Production system in progress with fulfilling of metadata in Rucio.







# Thank you for your attention!



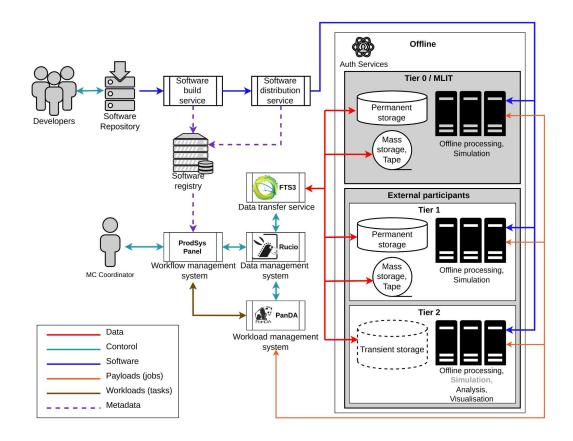




# Backup slides

# SPD distributed data processing system





Offline data processing system includes the following components:

- workload management system (WMS) PanDA,
- workflow management system (WFMS) ProdSys Panel,
- data management system (DMS) Rucio,
- data transfer service (DTS) File Transfer Service 3 (FTS3),
- information system (IS) Computing Resource Information Catalog (CRIC)

SPD Identity and Access Management (SPD IAM) provides authentication to all services and systems.

# MC Production data organisation



| PanDA                               | Rucio  | Status             |
|-------------------------------------|--|--------------------|
| Campaings<br>MC_2025_S1, MC_2025_S2 | Scopes<br>MC2025_S1, MC2025_S2   | Ready              |
| Requests<br>PROD2025-020            | Containers<br>MC2025_S2:PROD2025-020   | Being<br>developed |
| Tasks<br>PROD2025-020.RECO.2        | Datasets MC2025_S2:PROD2025-020:minbias-P8-spdroot4174-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-020.RECO.2                  | Ready              |
| Jobs<br>PanDA ID                    | Files<br>MC2025_S2:r.MC2025_S2.minbias-P8-spdroot4173-dev.27GeV-<br>UU.PROD2025-018.RECO.1.001225.root.1 | Ready              |

# Rucio Account Importer [1/3]



Rucio Account Importer is designed to import accounts from SPD IAM to Rucio and also to adding identities to rucio accounts.

Implemented the addition of the OIDC identities for authentication in Rucio via SPD IAM and addition of the user certificates subject DN for authentication in rucio with usercert and proxy certificates. There is a functionality for adding a subject DN string in legacy format. Also, for each user will be added their standard user scope and a global limit.

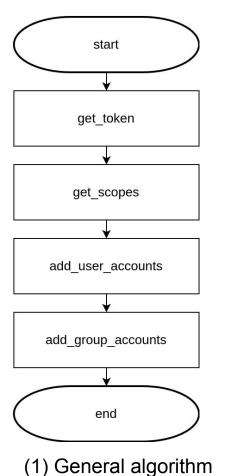
# Rucio Account Importer [2/3]

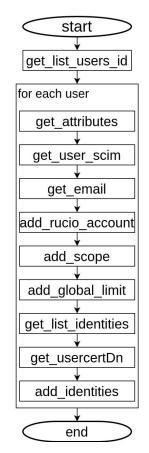


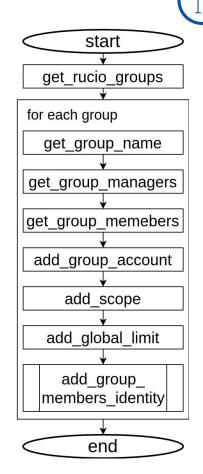
The developed utility interacts with SPD IAM using an access, issued to the client who performs actions to import accounts and identification information. This client is registered in SPD IAM with the scope iam.admin:read, scim:read.

The access token contains only these two scopes, which allow the client (in this case, the developed utility) to obtain information about users, their identification information, groups, etc. from the SPD IAM. The lifetime of the token is five minutes. During this time, all operations are performed to obtain information about SPD IAM users and add new information to Rucio. The token grant flow is client\_credentials (client\_id + client\_secret).

# Rucio Account Importer [3/3]







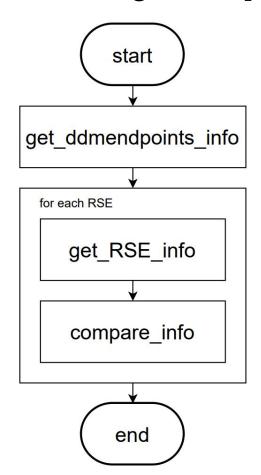
(2) add\_user\_accounts algorithm

(3) add\_group\_accounts algorithm

- SPD

# CRIC integration [1/2]

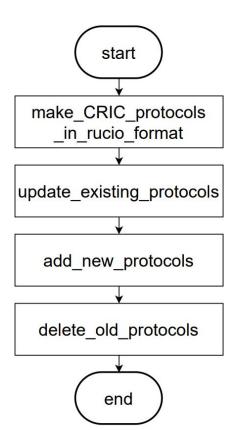




- 1) Takes information from CRIC about all storage systems registered in it.
- 2) Requests protocols and attributes of RSE from Rucio.
- 3) Compares info (changes it if necessary):
  - checks attributes;
  - checks FTS;
  - checks protocols.

# CRIC integration [2/2]





Rucio protocol description

```
"domains": {
  "lan": {
    "delete": 0,
    "read": 0,
   "write": 0
  "wan": {
    "delete": 0,
    "read": 0,
    "third party copy read": 1,
    "third party copy write": 1,
    "write": 0
"extended attributes": null,
"hostname": "somehostname.jinr.ru"
"impl": "rucio.rse.protocols.webdav.Default",
"port": 8000,
"prefix": "/eos/rucio/spd",
"scheme": "https"
```

Hostname, port and scheme are key attributes of protocol in Rucio.

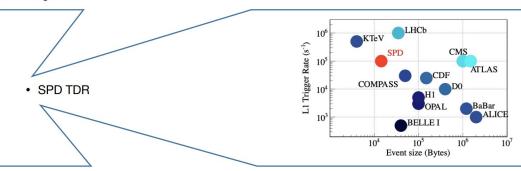
If any other attribute has been changed -> update\_existing\_protocol

If any key attribute has been changed -> add\_new\_protocol and delete\_old\_protocol

# SPD as data source



The expected event rate of the SPD experiment is about 3 MHz (pp collisions at  $\sqrt{s} = 27$  GeV and  $10^{32}$  cm<sup>-2</sup>s<sup>-1</sup> design luminosity). This is equivalent to a raw data rate of 20 GB/s or 200 PB/year, assuming a detector duty cycle is 0.3, while the signal-to-background ratio is expected to be on the order of  $10^{-5}$ . Taking into account the bunch-crossing rate of 12.5 MHz, one may conclude that pile-up probability cannot be neglected.



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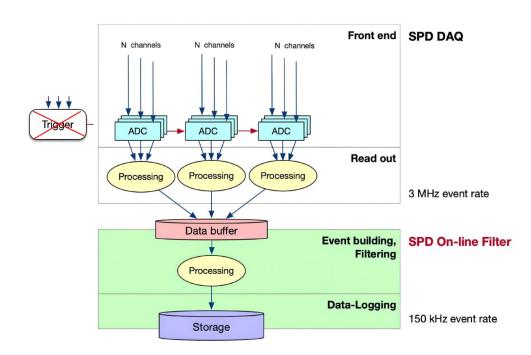
- Data from the detector 20 GB/s (or 200 PB/year "raw" data, ~3\*10^13 events/year)
- Simulation results ??? (the exact volume is unknown, but there will be no less of them than the data from the detector.)
- Data of various intermediate formats along the way from "raw" to ready for analysis by physical groups ??? (there will be a lot of them...)

# SPD DAQ



**Triggerless DAQ** means that the output of the system is not a set of raw events, but a set of signals from sub-detectors organized into time slices.

- DAQ provide data organized in time frames which placed in files with reasonable size (a few GB).
- Each of these file may be processed independently as a part of top-level workflow chain.
- No needs to exchange of any information during handling of each initial file, but results of may be used as input for next step of processing.



# Computer Read-out and Slice Building system



subdetectors

sub slice 0

sub slice 1

sub slice #

Builder computer

sub slice #

sub slice #

sub slice #

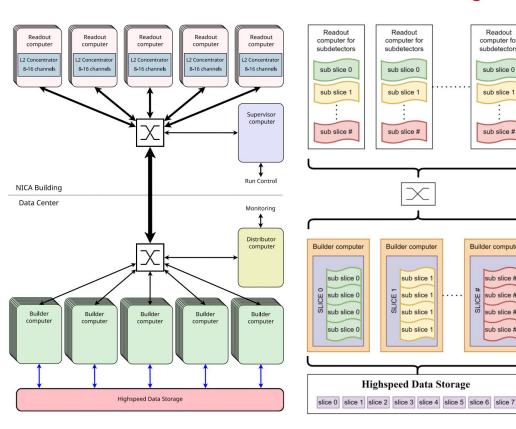
sub slice #

The purpose of slice building systems is to collect data (sub-slices) from all readout computers, build a complete slice and write it to the fast intermediate storage.

Additionally, the system will provide access to raw data (sub-slice) for detector groups in order to monitor the collected data before processing in the online filter.

## Components:

- Read-out getting a sub-slice from each detector system
- Builder combining sub-slices and forming a single data structure
- Supervisor arbitration of the slice construction system
- Distributor provides raw data for monitoring



# To be continued...

