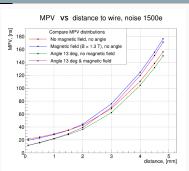
# Implementation of the Straw Tracker realistic simulation and straw hit reconstruction in SPDROOT package

**E.** Mosolova, V. Bautin, S. Bulanova, A. Mukhamejanova Supervisors: Katerina Kuznetsova, Temur Enik, Viktor Kim April 16, 2025

2023 Sonya B. & Vitalii B. parameterized mean value and resolution of the straw signal time using Garfield++/LTSpice modeling

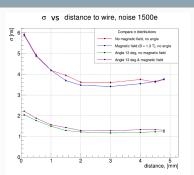


Straw diameter: 10 mm Anode diameter: 30 mkm

Gas mixture: Ar+CO2 / 70:30 [%]

Gas gain = 4.5E4

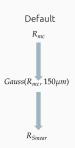
Peaking time 25 ns Mosolova E. PNPI III International scientific sc**Source**nf **Diplomâtby Sonya**c**B**. Technology")



Signal amplification 3 mV/fC Noise is implemented, Threshold 10 mV

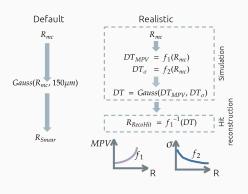
VMM3-based readout model by Vitalii B.

# By default SPDROOT accounts for the final straw resolution by smearing the MC hit coordinates



 Monte Carlo Point was smearing in an almost infinite while loop with a fixed variance of 150 µm

#### The realistic signal parameterization and hit reconstruction



- The distribution of the drift time (DT) is provided by Sonya B. & Vitalii B.
- The DT is calculated for each Monte Carlo point
- Afterward, DT is smeared by  $\sigma(DT) = f(R_{MC})$
- Roots of the inverse function provide R<sub>RecoHit</sub>

See my slides from VIII SPD Collaboration Meeting 8 Nov. 2024

### Simulation settings | git b63cf4

• Patricle: muon ( $\mu$ , pdg = 13)

• **Energy**: 1GeV

Generator: SpdIsotropicGenerator

•  $\theta$ : is angle between Z-axis and beam (now we used  $\theta = 90^{\circ}$ )

•  $\phi$ : From 0° to 360°

Detectors:

Only Strong B

Only Straw Barrel

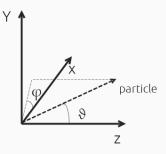
• Vertex: Off

• Magnet: w/o magnetic

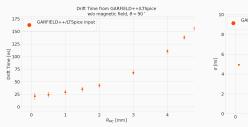
field

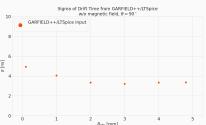
• Events:

10k



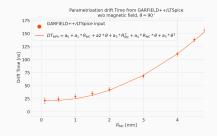
### The distribution of the drift time (DT) is provided by Sonya B. Vitalii B.

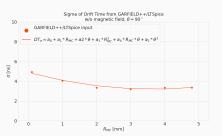




 ${\sf Mosolova~E.~(PNPI~|~III~International~scientific~school-conference~"Atom.~Science.~Technology")}$ 

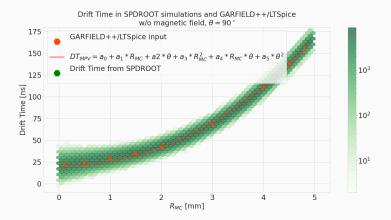
#### Parametrization DT using least squares



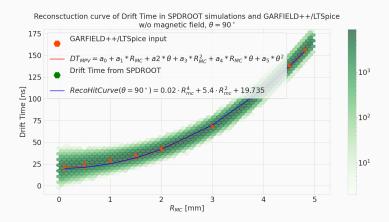


 ${\sf Mosolova} \ {\sf E.} \ ({\sf PNPI} \ | \ {\sf III} \ {\sf International} \ {\sf scientific} \ {\sf school-conference} \ "{\sf Atom.} \ {\sf Science.} \ {\sf Technology"})$ 

### The DT is calculated for each Monte Carlo point and smeared



#### Calibration curve for hit reconstruction



 ${\sf Mosolova~E.~(PNPI~|~III~International~scientific~school-conference~"Atom.~Science.~Technology")}$ 

#### **Steps for Simulation and Reconstruction**

### 1. Realistic Simulation based on Garfield/LTSpice parametrization:

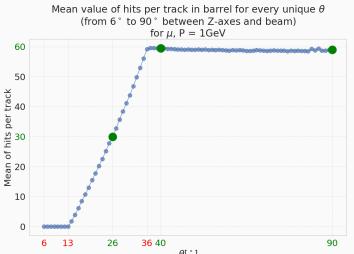
- For a MC point get the distance to an anode wire and the polar angle of the corresponding track  $(R_{MC}, \theta)$
- From the parametrized dependencies mean, sigma(DT) =  $f(R_{MC}, \theta)$  get the most porbable value of the drift time
- $\bullet$  Apply smearing using a Gaussian function with the  $\sigma$

### 2. Hit Reconstuction using the calibration function $R_{hit} = f(\theta, DT)$ :

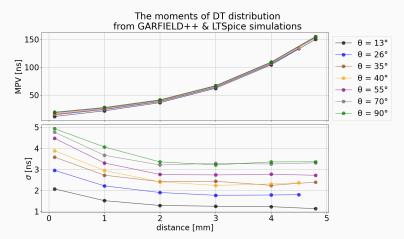
- Use  $\theta$  from MC track (assume in the future to be provided by the Patern Recognition)
- ullet Resolve the equation for the given DT and heta

Now, I want to be able to perform these steps for a range of angles

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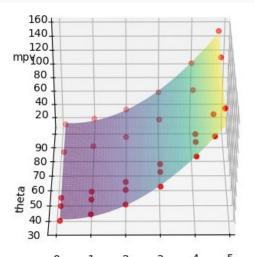


# Creating the parametrization for realistic DT simulation – Garfield/LTSpice dataset

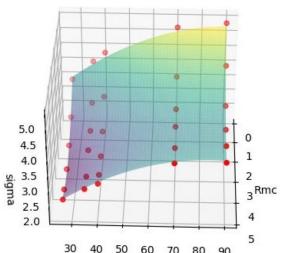


 ${\sf Mosolova} \ {\sf E.} \ ({\sf PNPI} \ | \ {\sf III} \ {\sf International} \ {\sf scientific} \ {\sf school-conference} \ "{\sf Atom.} \ {\sf Science.} \ {\sf Technology"})$ 

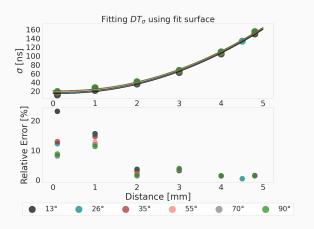
Parametrization for realistic simulation - mean value as a function of  $R_{MC}, \theta$ 



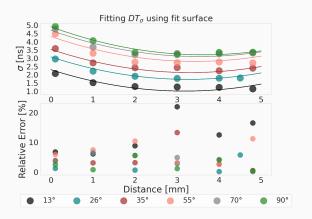
# Parametrization for realistic simulation - time resolution as a function of $R_{MC}, \theta$



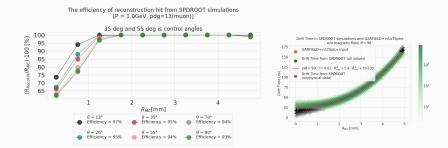
# Parametrization for realistic simulation - relative errors of the parametrized mean value



# Parametrization for realistic simulation - relative errors of the parametrized time resolution

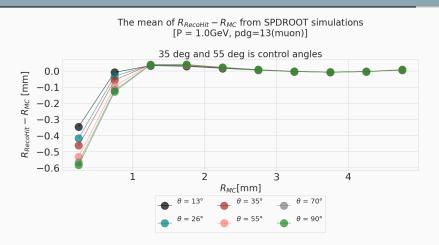


### Hit reconstruction – efficiency

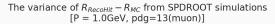


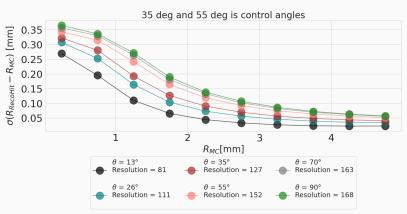
- For each hit use DT and angle to reconstruct the coordinate
- Use roots of  $DT = f(R, theta) = R^4 + ... \text{ to}$  reconstruct  $R_{hit}$  for given  $\theta$
- If no roots (see the gray area) –
  drop the hit in the current version
  (to be improved later)

### Hit Reconstruction. 35° and 55° are control angles Residual



### Hit Reconstruction. 35° and 55° are control angles Resolution





#### Conclusion

- The parametrized drift time mean value and resolution as functions of  $R_{mc}$ ,  $\theta$  are implemented to provide realistic straw response simulation. The parametrization includes given models of the straw tube and readout electronics
- The hit reconstruction procedure uses the simulated time and parameterized calibration function  $DT = f(R, \theta)$
- Improvement on the hit reconstruction procedure is ongoing Next steps
- Make the current version available for further tests.
- Check momentum resolution for MinBias sample using the current parametrization. Note that the parametrization is done for relativistic muons, which have the worst time resolution