

Information Systems for the SPD Experiment

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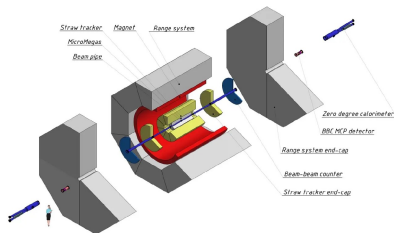
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SPD as a Data Source

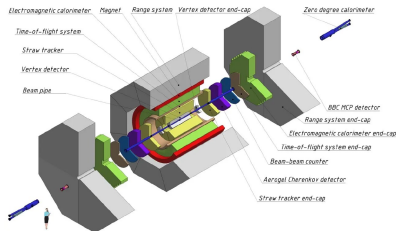
- **First stage:** polarized/unpolarized HI (up to Ca), polarized p-p, d-d



- protons and deuterons
 - $\sqrt{s} = 9.4$ GeV
 - luminosity up to $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 - $\sqrt{s} = 4.5$ GeV/nucleon
 - luminosity up to $10^{30} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Interaction rate: up to 0.4 MhZ
- Number of channels: 177 K
- SPD Designed to operate at high luminosity but low track multiplicity
- High event rate, no simple signatures $\Rightarrow$ Triggerless DAQ
- Event rate: up to 300 KhZ
- Online filter x20 $\Rightarrow$ 15 kHz
- Events per year: up to 100 bn
- Raw data flow: up to 1 GB/s
- Duty cycle 0.3 $\Rightarrow$ 10 PB/year
- Online filter x20 $\Rightarrow$ 0.5 PB/year

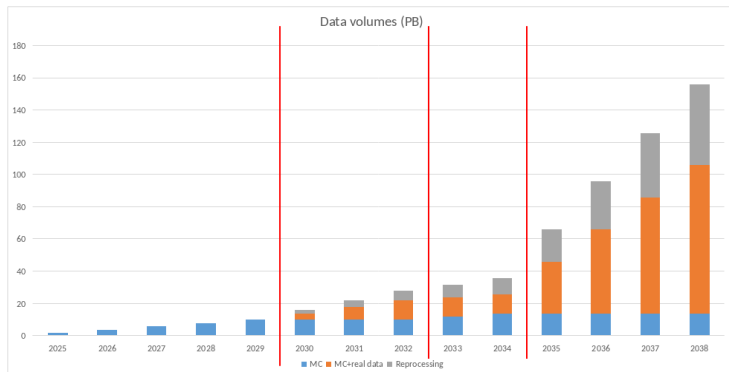
SPD as a Data Source

- **Second stage stage:** polarized p-p, d-d



- SPD Designed to operate at high luminosity but low track multiplicity
- High event rate, no simple signatures $\Rightarrow$ Triggerless DAQ
- Event rate: up to 3 MHz
- Online filter $\times 20 \Rightarrow$ 150 kHz
- Events per year: up to 1 tn
- protons and deuterons
 - $\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV
 - luminosity up to $10^{32} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
 - $\sqrt{s} = 13.5$ GeV/nucleon
 - luminosity up to $10^{31} \text{ cm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$
- Interaction rate: up to 4 MHz
- Num. channels: 283 or 608 K
- Raw data flow: up to 20 GB/s
- Duty cycle 0.3 $\Rightarrow$ 200 PB/year
- Online filter $\times 20 \Rightarrow$ 10 PB/year

Data Volumes



- Preparation for the experiment. MC Simulation: 2 PB per year. Total per stage: 10 PB.
- Stage I: Low lumi. MC and real data: 4 PB/y. Reprocessing: 2 PB/year. Total: 18 PB.
- Upgrade of the setup. MC simulation: 2 PB/y. Reprocessing: 2 PB/year. Total: 8 PB.
- Stage II: Max lumi. MC and real data: 20 PB/y. Reprocessing: 10 PB/y. Total: 120 PB.

Total for all stages: 156 PB.

SPD Information Systems

Data

- Distributed Computing and Data Management
- EventIndex
- Production and versions registry

Collaboration

- Personnel and Publication Databases

Detector

- Hardware and Mapping Database
- Geometry registry
- Magnetic field maps registry
- Monitoring Information Systems
- Logging and Bookkeeping

Distributed computing and data management

- Number of events, amounts of data, comparable to the LHC experiments.
 - Distributed computing systems will be used for processing of data.
 - Already existing methods and proven ready-made solutions will be adapted.
- **Computing Resource Information Catalog (CRIC)**: information about computing and storage resources, access protocols, entry points, etc...
 -  **PanDA** WFMS: manages data processing at the level of jobs (files), tasks (datasets) and chains of tasks
 -  **Rucio** DMS: Data management: dataset and file catalog, transfer and deletion tools, data integrity and data lifetime strategies
 - **FTS** DTS: enables massive data transfers
- **Identity and Access Management Service (IAM)**: stores user profiles, their roles and rights to perform certain actions

- SPD needs a tool to effectively access trillions of physics events.
- Event Index: Complete catalog of SPD events, real and simulated data

Event Index use cases

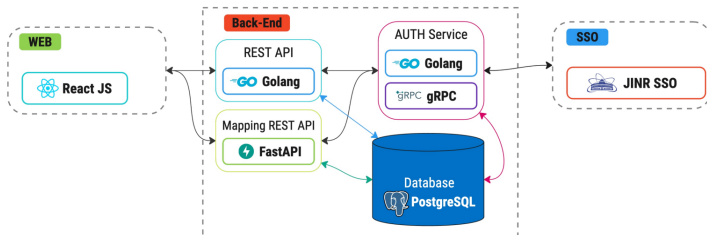
- Event picking: selecting by ID events in some format and processing version
 - Searching, counting and selection if events based on some parameters
 - Production completeness and consistency checks
-
- A prototype of storage and client for the EventIndex has been tested
 - PostgreSQL DBMS is used for storage and processing of data
 - Various methods were investigated to speed up writing data to the DB.
 - The estimated data flow from 10s k up to 150 k events per second
 - Using of asynchronous bulk loading showed sufficient performance
-
- EventIndex development will go on as data model will be defined

Hardware Database

- A catalog of hardware components that SPD detector consist of.
- It should contain the information about the detectors and the electronic parts, as well as the location history of all items
- It include equipment models, provider, parameters and other (semi)permanent characteristics
- This should help in maintenance of the detector systems and especially helpful in knowledge transfer between team members.
- Filling of the hardware database should take place gradually, and updates will be rare
- The requirements for the speed of recording information in the database are low, as well as for reading of data
- The system should be tailored for the needs of the hardware development and maintenance

Hardware Database: architecture

- A prototype system is being developed
 - PostgreSQL for a data storage
 - Back-end providing endpoints for access through the REST API
 - Web front-end providing interface for fill, search and display data
 - JINR SSO for authorization, access can be requested from web front
- The architecture of the project is built on the basis of microservices
- A stack of modern platforms is used to ensure good performance, flexibility and ease of development and maintenance



Hardware Database: interface

HARDWARE DB Information page 🌙 F

General
Groups
Devices
Settings

Devices Columns ▾ Export ▾ 50 ▾ Search by name or hardware id.

5 device(s) found | 0 selected

☐	Name ↑	Hardware ID	Component ID	Created	Properties	Actions
☐	HDD ST31000528AS 73225	000.000.000.002	0000.0000.0000.0002	23.06.2025	View properties	
☐	HDD ST31000528AS 79BSL	000.000.000.005	0000.0000.0000.0005	23.06.2025	View properties	
☐	HDD ST3250823AS 16ZX1	000.000.000.003	0000.0000.0000.0003	23.06.2025	View properties	
☐	HDD ST3250823AS 18P65	000.000.000.004	0000.0000.0000.0004	23.06.2025	View properties	
☐	HDD WD15EARS 3776452	000.000.000.001	0000.0000.0000.0001	22.06.2025	View properties	

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- Development of the HW database is put on hold, no urgent demand
- Developers shifted to other projects with higher priorities

Hardware Database: interface

HARDWARE DB

Information page

General

Groups

Devices

Settings

[← Back to devices](#) **Properties of device: HDD WD15EARS 3776452**

Columns ▾ | 50 ▾ |

12 property(ies) found

Name ↑	Units	Value	Edit
12VDC	A	0.55	
5VDC	A	0.7	
buffer	MB	64	
Model		WD15EARS-00MVWB0	
S/N		WMAZA3776452	
speed	Gb/s	3	
spin	RPM	5400	
status		OK	

JINR, Dubna, 2025

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Registries

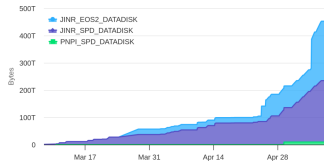
- Development of the SPD software and ongoing large scale production campaign requires creation of a number of databases.
 - Production registry
 - Software version registry
 - Geometry registry
 - Magnetic field map registry

Common features

- These are quite small projects, should be available fast
- No high loads expected
- Low update frequency
- Payloads are normally stored separately, in files or sqlite
- Have to be developed independently, but need for data exchange may arise
- Similar platforms should be used to simplify development and maintenance
- IAM should be used for authentication and access management

Production

- Production of Monte-Carlo data started from March 2025 on a regular basis
- New production appear twice a week
- 2-steps: simulation + reconstruction
- More than 400M events produced, 200TB of data
- Production requests had different parameters:
 - Numbers of events (from 5M to 40M), software versions, production seeds, energy, polarization, detector configuration, etc...
 - Production scripts names and paths, output datasets names, etc..
 - Need a database to keep records of the production
- More production campaigns will be held
- More production steps will be added, parameter list may be changed
- Real data for some detectors (BBC) may appear this year!



Production registry

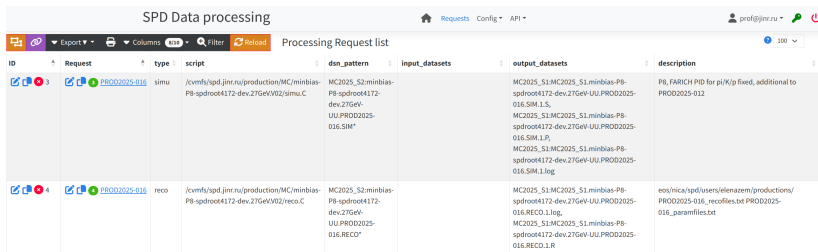
- A prototype of the production registry has been created
- Expected to be filled by 2-3 responsible persons
- Will be used by all members related to the analysis and production
- Employs a framework **fwkweb**, similar to one used in CRIC

Processing Request list																	100
Request	campaign	status	#procs	swproject	version	stage	C	E	P	Events	EF	Tag	S	S	Geometry	description	
   PROD2025-001	SPD MC 2025	DONE	 0	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.0	S1	pp	10	UU	5000000	4000	minbias-P8-spdroot417-dev test	1	1250	Micromegas, TS, ECal, RS, BBC, ZDC (sketch)	PRE-PRODUCTION obsolete	
   PROD2025-002	SPD MC 2025	DONE	 0	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.0	S1	pp	10	UU	20000000	4000	minbias-P8-spdroot417-dev	1	5000	Micromegas, TS, ECal, RS, BBC, ZDC (sketch)	/eos/nica/spd/users/elenazem/productions/PROD2025-002_recfiles.txt PROD2025-002_paramfiles.txt	
   PROD2025-003	SPD MC 2025	DONE	 0	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.0	S1	pp	10	UU	20000000	4000	minbias-P8-spdroot417-dev	5001	10000	Micromegas, TS, ECal, RS, BBC, ZDC (sketch)	/eos/nica/spd/users/elenazem/productions/PROD2025-003_recfiles.txt PROD2025-003_paramfiles.txt	
   PROD2025-004	SPD MC 2025	DONE	 0	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.0	S1	pp	10	UU	40000000	4000	minbias-P8-spdroot417-dev	1	10000	Micromegas, TS, ECal, RS, BBC, ZDC (sketch)	/eos/nica/spd/users/elenazem/productions/PROD2025-004_recfiles.txt PROD2025-004_paramfiles.txt	

- Production record contains name, description, software version, number of requested events, initial seed and processing types.
- On the second stage of development automatic generation of the production tasks specification may be implemented

Production registry

- A prototype of the production registry has been created
- Expected to be filled by 2-3 responsible persons
- Will be used by all members related to the analysis and production
- Employs a framework **fwkweb**, similar to one used in CRIC



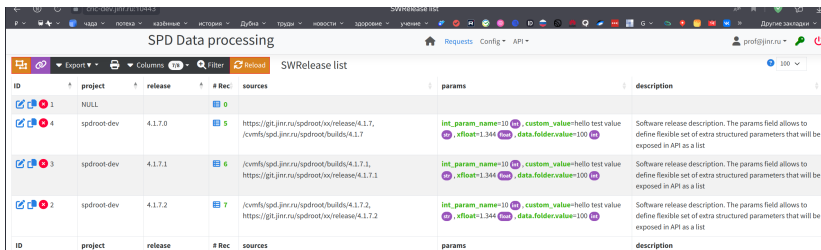
The screenshot shows a web application titled "SPD Data processing". At the top, there are navigation links for "Requests", "Config", and "API". On the right, a user profile "prof@jinr.ru" is shown. Below the header, there's a toolbar with icons for "Export", "Columns", "Filter", and "Reload". The main content is a table titled "Processing Request list" with 100 items. The table has columns: ID, Request, type, script, dsn_pattern, input_datasets, output_datasets, and description. Two rows are visible:

ID	Request	type	script	dsn_pattern	input_datasets	output_datasets	description
3	PROD2025-016	simu	/cvmfs/spd.jinr.ru/production/MC/minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV02/simu.C	MC2025_S2:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.SIM*		MC2025_S1:MC2025_S1:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.SIM.1.S, MC2025_S1:MC2025_S1:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.SIM.1.P, MC2025_S1:MC2025_S1:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.SIM.1.log	P8, FARICH PID for pi/K/p fixed, additional to PROD2025-012
4	PROD2025-016	reco	/cvmfs/spd.jinr.ru/production/MC/minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV02/reco.C	MC2025_S2:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.RECO*		MC2025_S1:MC2025_S1:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.RECO.1.log, MC2025_S1:MC2025_S1:minbias-P8-spdroot4172-dev.27GeV-UU.PROD2025-016.RECO.1.R	eos/nica/spd/users/elenazem/productions/PROD2025-016_recofiles.txt PROD2025-016_paramsfiles.txt

- For every processing type (simu, reco...) location of the macros are specified, as well as output dataset templates and names.
- On the second stage of development automatic generation of the production tasks specification may be implemented

Software Versions registry

- Registry will keep information on versions of software used



The screenshot shows a web application titled "SPD Data processing" with a user profile "prof@jlnr.ru". The main content area displays a table titled "SWRelease list". The table has columns for ID, project, release, # Rec, sources, params, and description. It lists four software releases for the "spdroot-dev" project, with versions 4.1.7.0, 4.1.7.1, and 4.1.7.2. Each release entry includes a list of sources and a detailed "params" field with structured data like "int_param_name=10" and "custom_value=hello test value".

ID	project	release	# Rec	sources	params	description
1	NULL		0			
4	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.0	5	https://git.jlnr.ru/spdroot/xx/release/4.1.7 , /cvmfs/spd.jlnr.ru/spdroot/builds/4.1.7	<code>int_param_name=10</code> , <code>custom_value=hello test value</code> , <code>float=1.344</code> , <code>data.folder.value=100</code>	Software release description. The params field allows to define flexible set of extra structured parameters that will be exposed in API as a list
3	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.1	6	/cvmfs/spd.jlnr.ru/spdroot/builds/4.1.7.1 , https://git.jlnr.ru/spdroot/xx/release/4.1.7.1	<code>int_param_name=10</code> , <code>custom_value=hello test value</code> , <code>float=1.344</code> , <code>data.folder.value=100</code>	Software release description. The params field allows to define flexible set of extra structured parameters that will be exposed in API as a list
2	spdroot-dev	4.1.7.2	7	/cvmfs/spd.jlnr.ru/spdroot/builds/4.1.7.2 , https://git.jlnr.ru/spdroot/xx/release/4.1.7.2	<code>int_param_name=10</code> , <code>custom_value=hello test value</code> , <code>float=1.344</code> , <code>data.folder.value=100</code>	Software release description. The params field allows to define flexible set of extra structured parameters that will be exposed in API as a list

- Contains software tags, packages used, version descriptions links to the repositories, configuration an condition data compatibilities
- Will be filled by the person responsible for the deployment of the software frameworks (SPDRoot, SAMPO)
- Will be available through GUI and endpoints for use from other ISs

Geometries and Magnetic field maps registry

Geometries registry

- The GeoModel class library, which is presently in use by both the ATLAS and FASER experiments, will be used for the SPD detector description
- Geometry will be held as a single file, should be used by a dedicated SAMPO framework tool
- DB record: tag for a geometry, version, metadata, link to a file on the cvmfs
- Metadata content should be defined lately

Magnetic field maps registry

- B-field maps, each having few GB in size will be held in a sqlite DB.
- Updates should be quite rare, few times a year
- DB record: tag for a map, its version, metadata, pointer to the map
- A special tool for SAMPO is being created to access B-field map, it will define metadata for the field maps and how it should be accessed.

Further development

- Development of the B-field and geometry registries
- Application of the Hardware database to the actual needs of the detector and computing systems
- Development of the mapping database
- Development of the Condition and calibration databases
- Introduction of modern DevOps practices (CI/CD, etc...)