

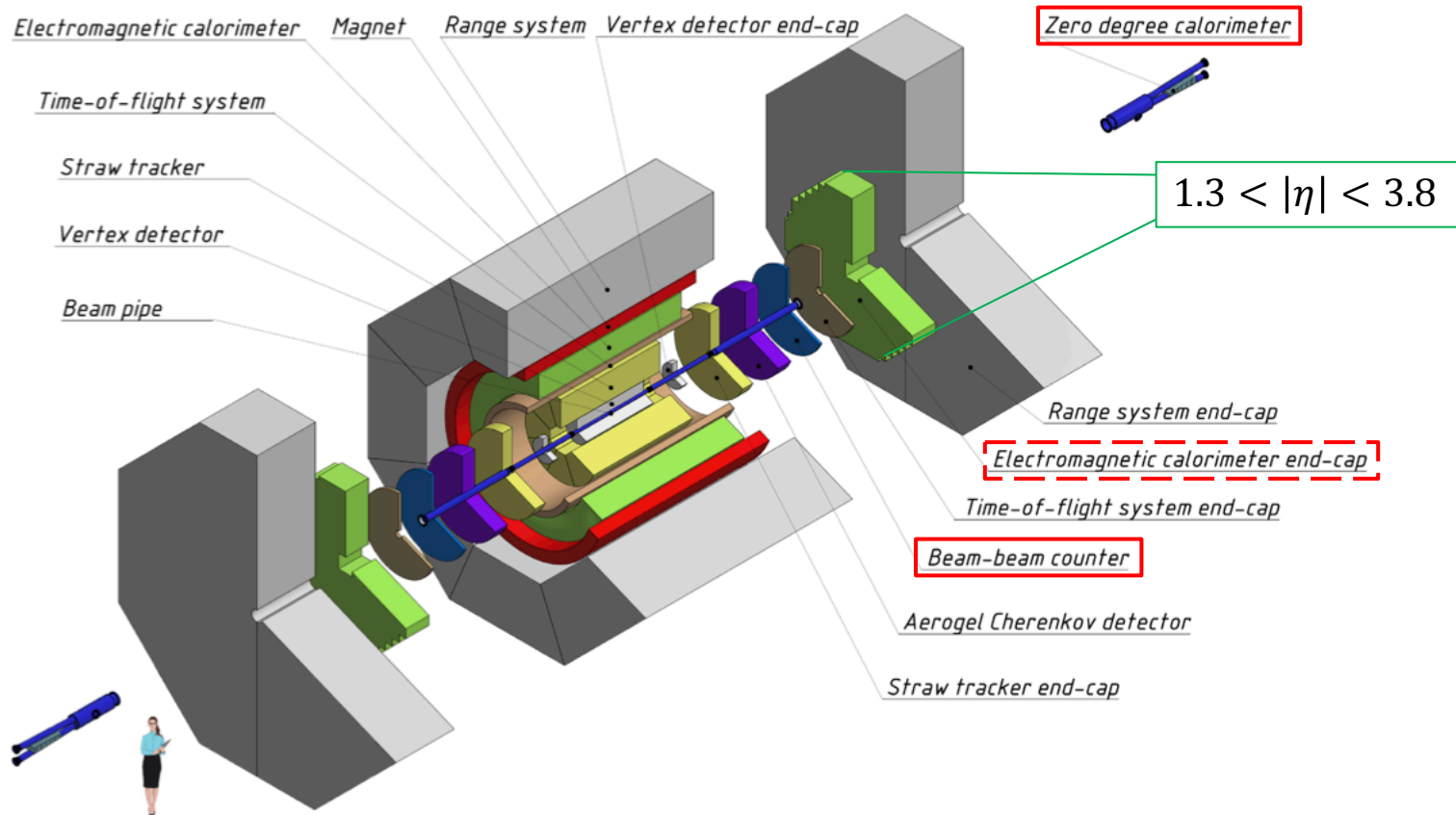


Local polarimetry with inclusive neutral pions in SPD at NICA

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ISHEPP - 2023

Layout of SPD



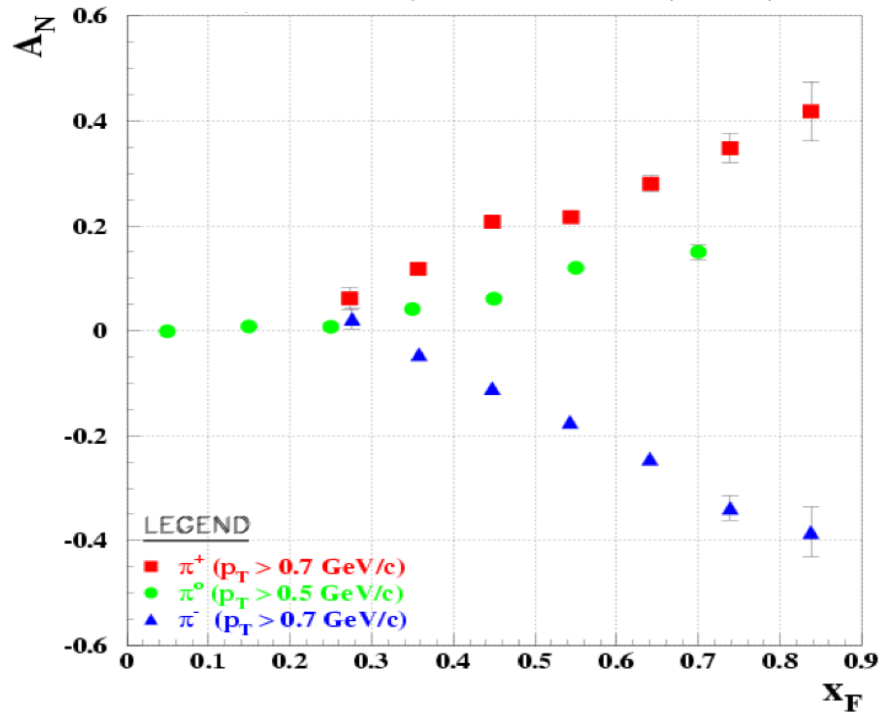
$$A_N = \frac{d\sigma^\uparrow - d\sigma^\downarrow}{d\sigma^\uparrow + d\sigma^\downarrow}$$

A_N is a measure of the beam polarization

$$p^\uparrow + p \rightarrow \pi + X$$

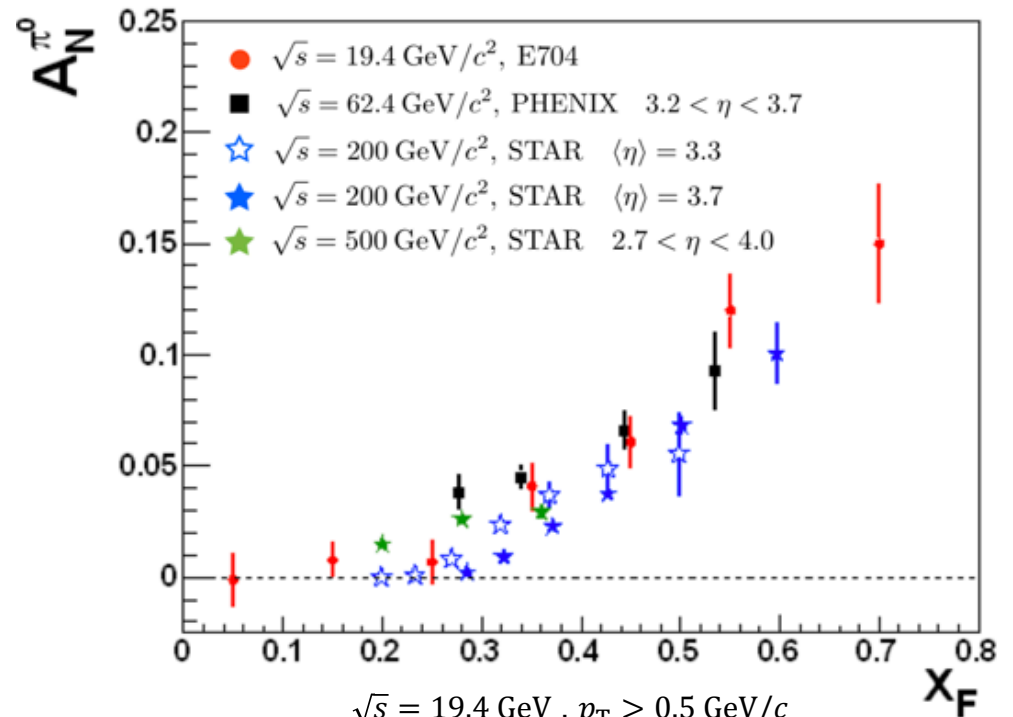
$$\sqrt{s} = 19.4 \text{ GeV} \quad (p_{beam} = 200 \text{ GeV}/c)$$

FNAL E704 Collaboration
Adams et al. Phys. Lett. B264(1991)462



$$p^\uparrow + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + X$$

A_N nearly independent of \sqrt{s}

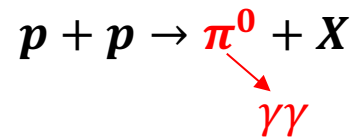


$$\sqrt{s} = 19.4 \text{ GeV}, p_T > 0.5 \text{ GeV}/c$$

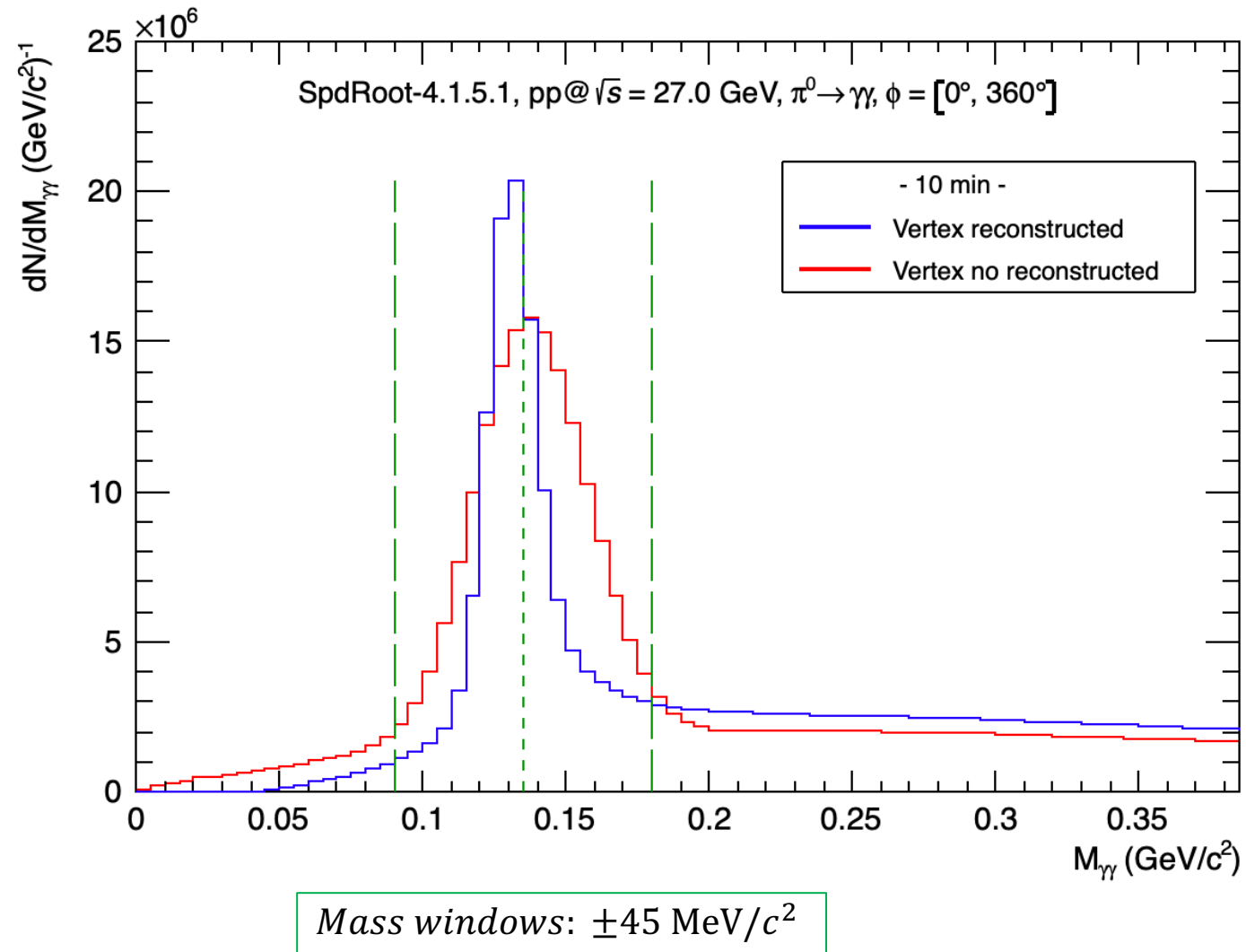
$$\sqrt{s} = 62.4 \text{ GeV}, p_T > 1.0 \text{ GeV}/c$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 200 \text{ GeV}, p_T > 1.2 \text{ GeV}/c$$

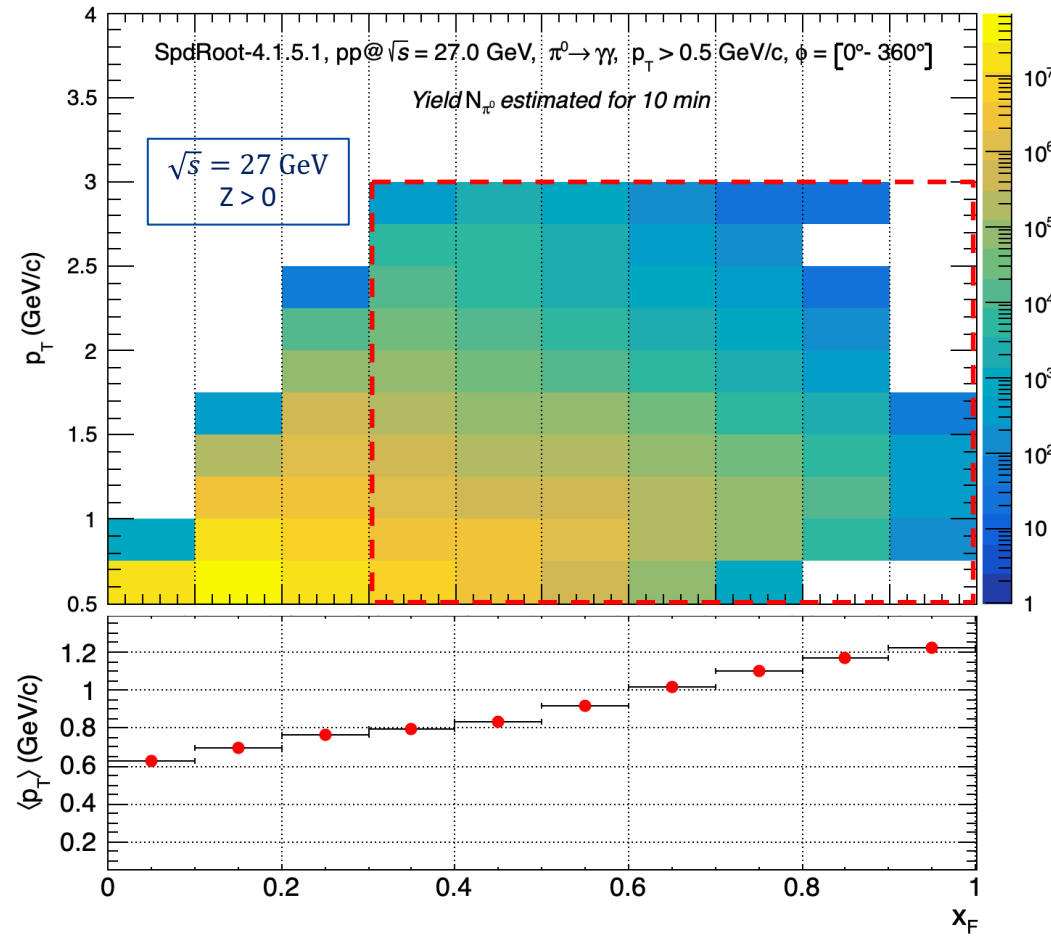
$$\sqrt{s} = 500 \text{ GeV}, p_T > 2.0 \text{ GeV}/c$$



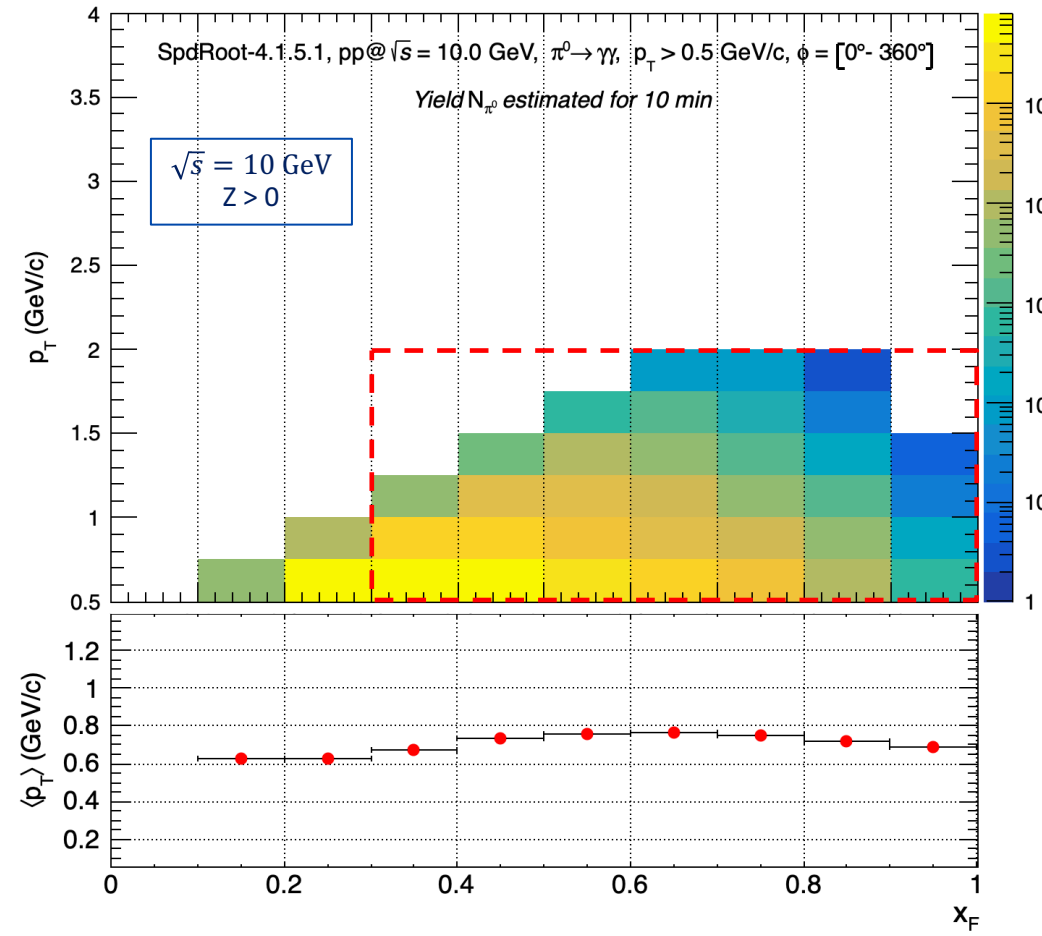
- ❑ SpdRoot version 4.1.5.1
- ❑ Two energies: $pp @ \sqrt{s} = 10 \text{ GeV}$ and $pp @ \sqrt{s} = 27 \text{ GeV}$
- ❑ Particle generator: Pythia 8 (number of events: $\sim 100\text{M}$)
- ❑ Minimum Bias: *SoftQCD:inelastic* \leftrightarrow inelastic, non diffractive events and diffractive topologies
- ❑ **MC truth info!**
- ❑ Vertex assumed at $(0, 0, 0) \rightarrow$ Gaussian smeared: $\sigma_z = 30 \text{ cm}$ and $\sigma_{x,y} = 0.1 \text{ cm}$.
- ❑ Set of “ECAL particles” selected in each event and the initial energy per particle collected.
- ❑ Photon trajectory extrapolated to the ECAL endcap “planes”.
- ❑ z position fixed, assuming $\text{ECALTECMinDist} = 188.6 \text{ cm}$ (x,y smeared)
- ❑ Energy of the MC-particle, smeared by $\frac{\sigma_E}{E} = 2\% \oplus \frac{5.5\%}{\sqrt{E}}$
- ❑ $E_{min}^\gamma = 400 \text{ MeV}$
- ❑ π^0 selected from the M_{inv} of $\gamma\gamma$ pairs



$pp @ \sqrt{s} = 27 \text{ GeV}$



$pp @ \sqrt{s} = 10 \text{ GeV}$



$$p^\uparrow + p \rightarrow \pi^0 + X \quad \phi = 2\pi$$

The cross section of hadron production in polarized $p^\uparrow + p$ collisions, is modified in azimuth.

$$\frac{d\sigma}{d\varphi} = \frac{d\sigma}{d\varphi_0} [1 + \underbrace{P \cdot A_N \cdot \cos(\varphi + \varphi_0)}_{\text{Azimuthal cosine modulation}}]$$

Azimuthal cosine modulation

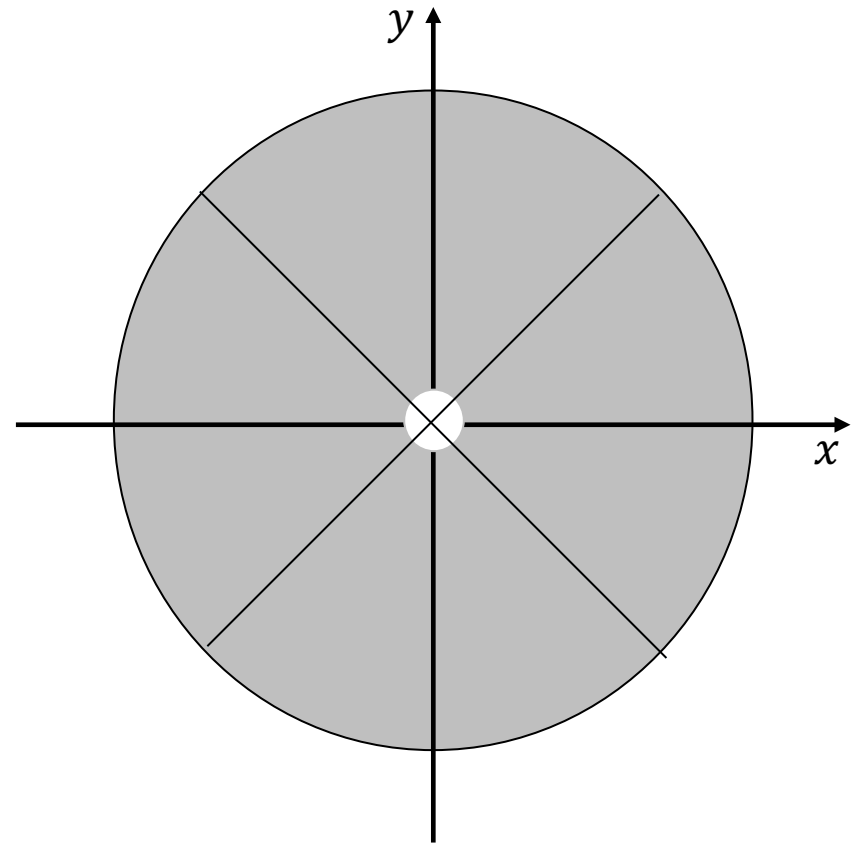
$$N_{\pi^0}(\varphi) = A[1 + P \cdot A_N \cdot \cos(\varphi + \varphi_0)]$$

$$A_N = \frac{Amp}{P}$$

$N_{\pi^0}(\varphi)$: Yield of π^0

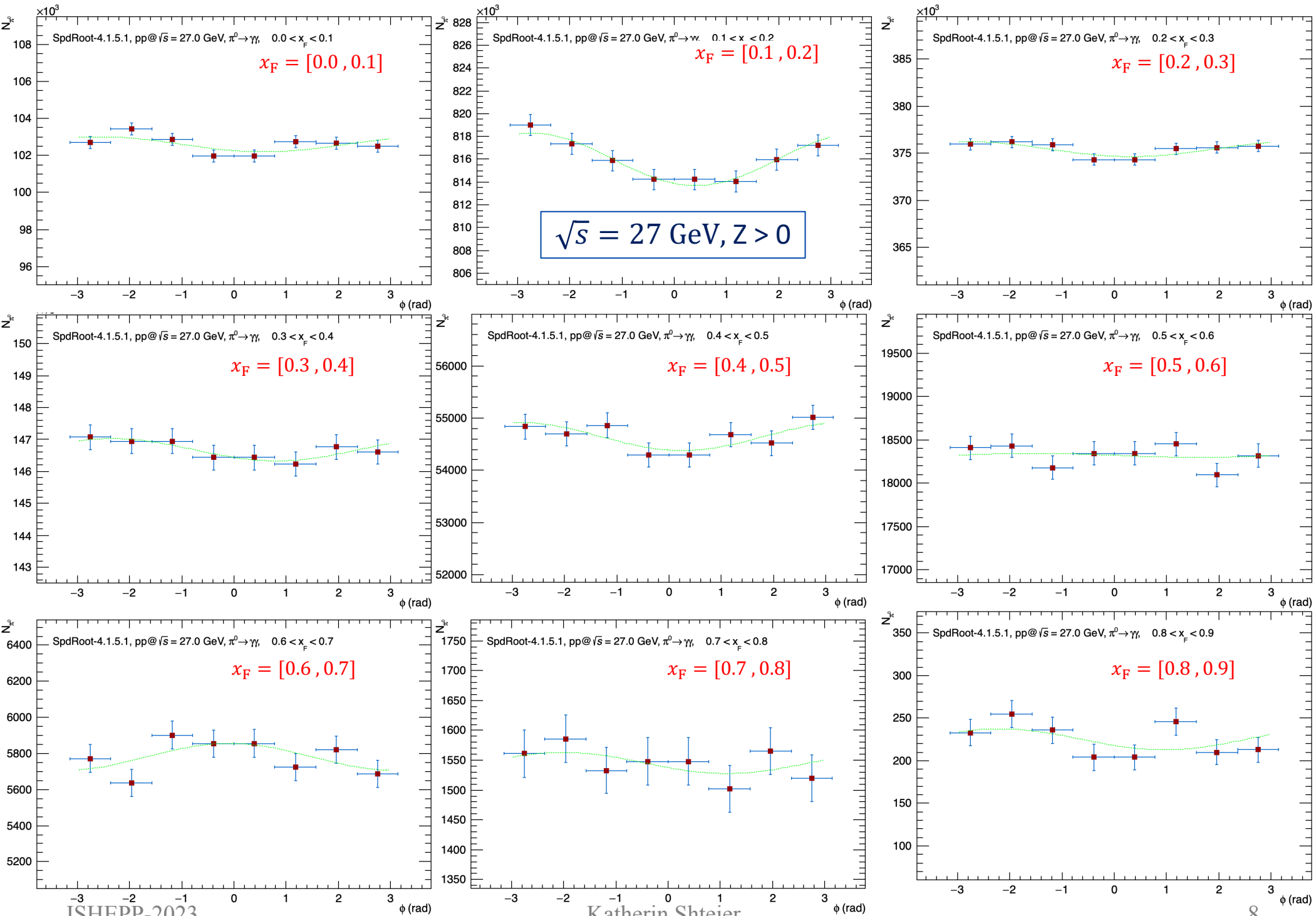
P : Beam polarization

- $P = 0.7$ was assumed

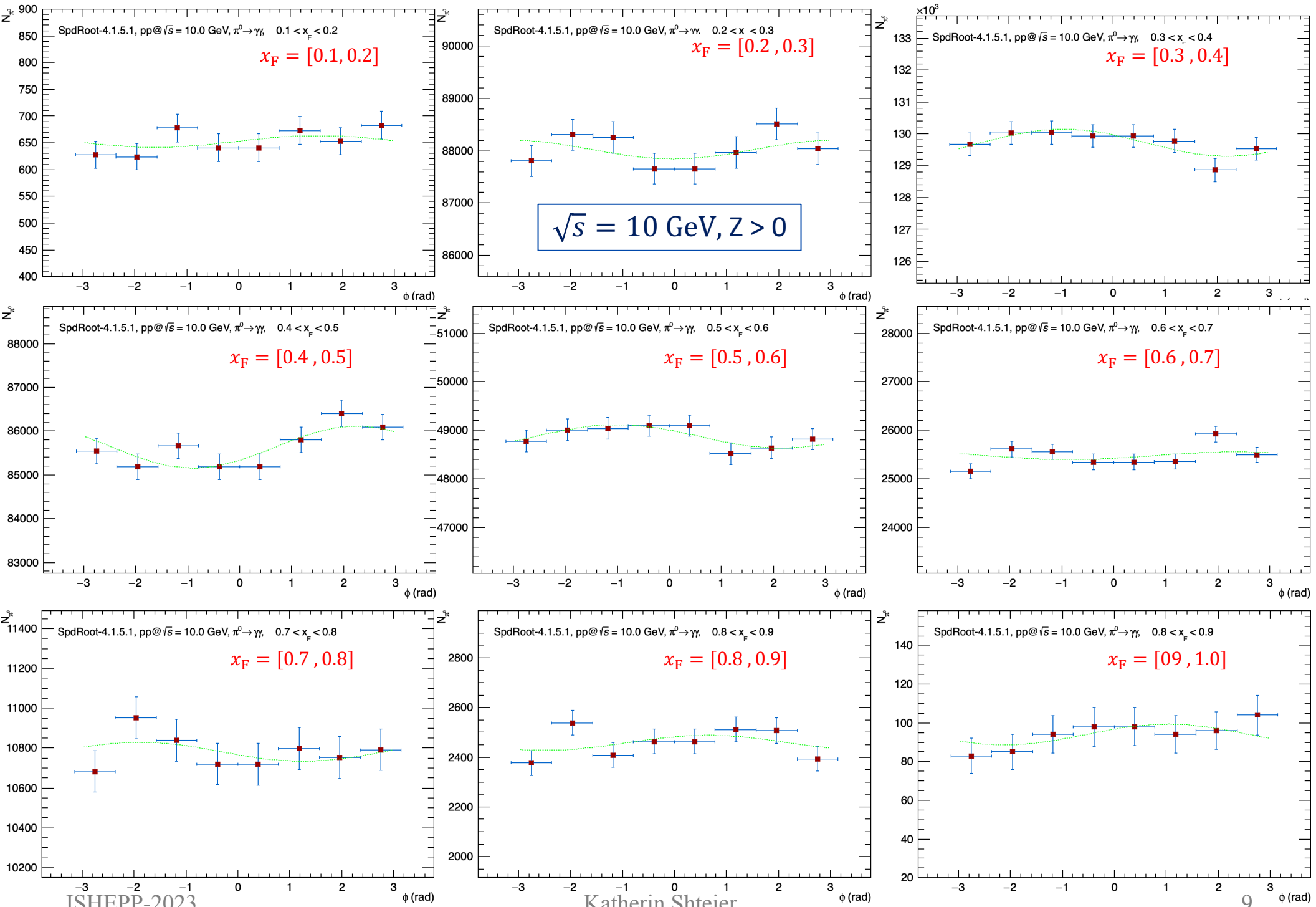


The spin dependent π^0 yields for each bin are extracted from the invariant mass spectra in different x_F sub-ranges for each φ bin.

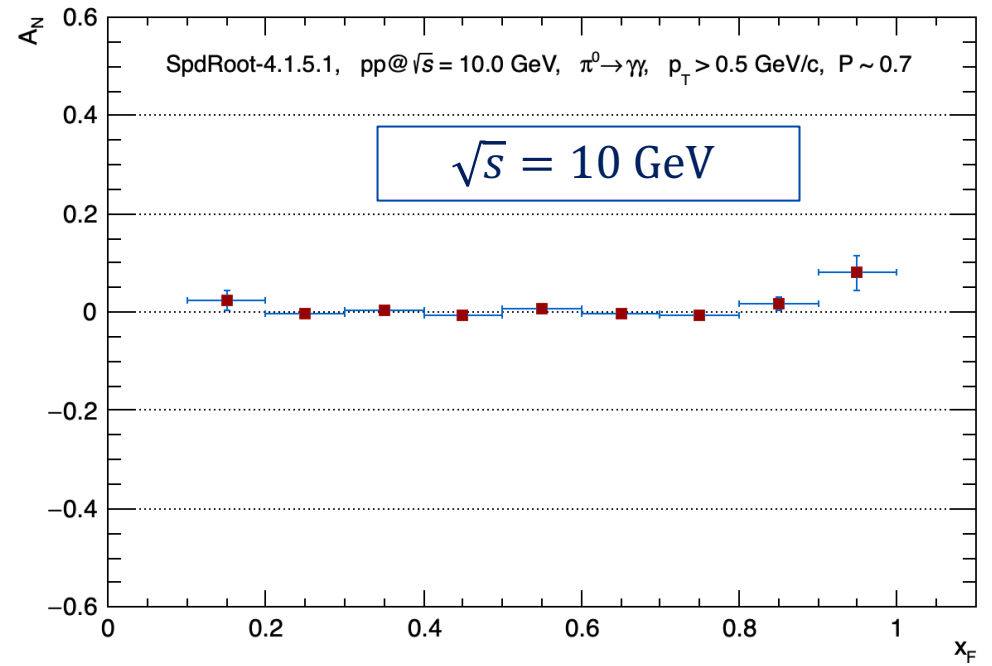
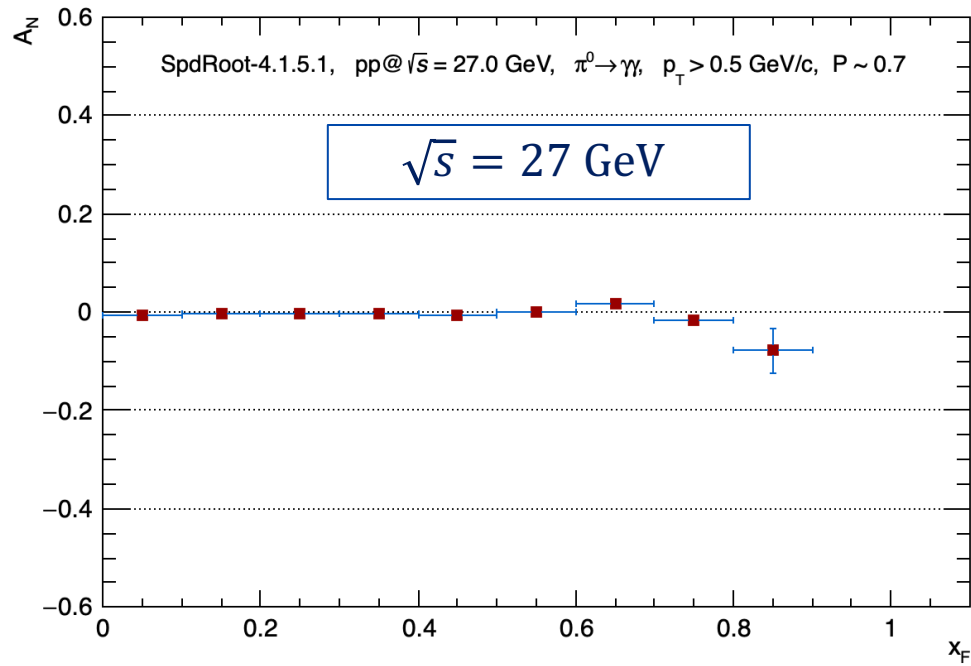
Azimuthal cosine modulation of π^0 yields in x_F intervals, $[p0] \cdot (1 + [p1] \cdot \cos([p2] + x))$



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A_N vs. x_F



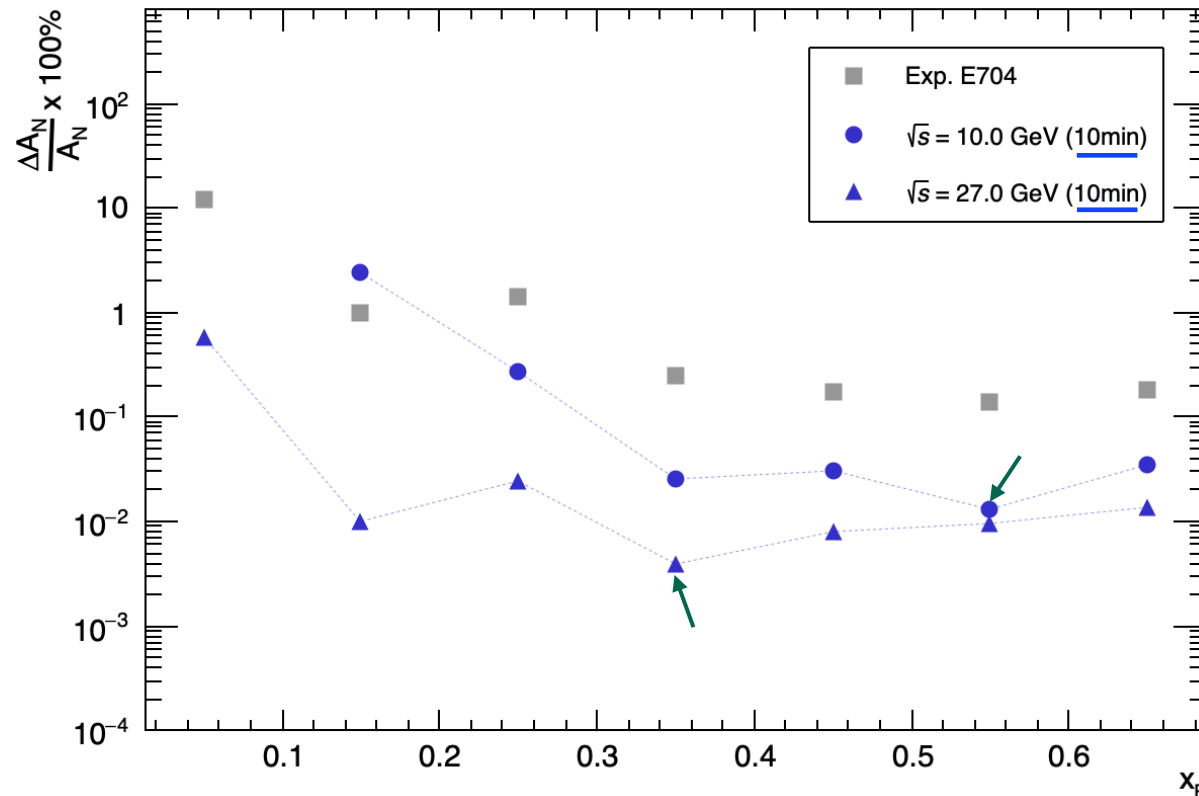
$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \text{ vs. } x_F$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \begin{matrix} \nearrow \text{SpdRoot} \\ \searrow \text{E704} \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \sim \frac{\Delta P}{P}$$

$$\sigma_{tot}^{pp}(27 \text{ GeV}) = 40.0 \text{ mb} \quad \mathcal{L} = 10^{32} s^{-1} cm^{-2} \quad \text{Reaction rate (27 GeV)} = 4 \cdot 10^6 s^{-1}$$

$$\sigma_{tot}^{pp}(10 \text{ GeV}) = 37.9 \text{ mb} \quad \mathcal{L} = 10^{31} s^{-1} cm^{-2} \quad \text{Reaction rate (10 GeV)} = 3.79 \cdot 10^5 s^{-1}$$



Better precision of the polarization measurement expected at:

$$0.3 < x_F < 0.4 \quad (\sqrt{s} = 27 \text{ GeV})$$

$$0.5 < x_F < 0.6 \quad (\sqrt{s} = 10 \text{ GeV})$$

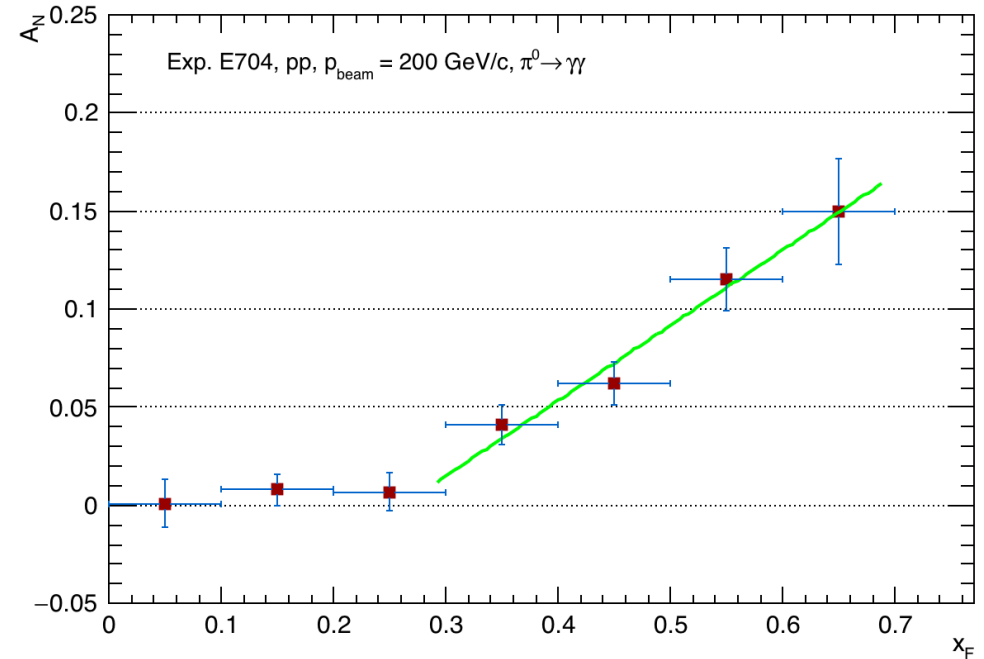
Raw asymmetry:

$$P \cdot A_N \cdot \cos \phi = \epsilon(\phi) \Leftrightarrow \epsilon(\phi) = \frac{N^\uparrow(\phi) - N^\downarrow(\phi)}{N^\uparrow(\phi) + N^\downarrow(\phi)}$$

$$P \cdot A_N \sim \epsilon$$

$$\frac{\Delta A_N}{A_N} \sim \frac{\Delta P}{P}$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{P} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\sum_i \left(\frac{A_{Ni}}{\Delta A_{Ni}}\right)^2}}$$

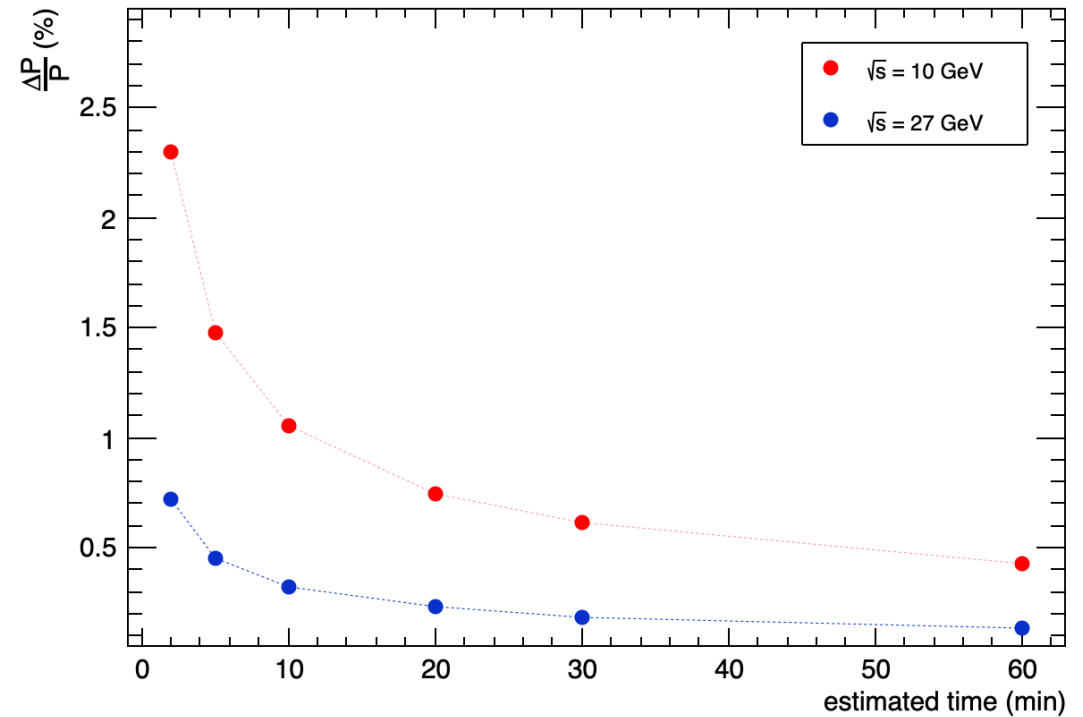


Taking the last experimental 4 points ($0.3 \leq x_F < 0.7$): $\frac{\Delta P}{P} = 0.0873 \sim 9\%$ (Experiment E704)

*The error of the beam polarization in the experiment **E704** is estimated in **10%**, as reported in FERMILAB-Pub-91/15-E[E581,E704]*

Estimation of the statistical accuracy of the beam polarization measurement, with $pp \rightarrow \pi^0 X$ at $\sqrt{s} = 10$ GeV and $\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV, in SPD ECAL endcaps.

Estimated time	$\frac{\Delta P}{P}$	
	$\sqrt{s} = 10$ GeV	$\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV
2 min	2.30 %	0.72 %
5 min	1.48 %	0.45 %
10 min	1.05 %	0.32 %
20 min	0.74 %	0.23 %
30 min	0.61 %	0.18 %
1 h	0.43 %	0.13 %



- The accuracy of the beam polarization have been estimated at two different pp collision energies: 10 GeV and 27 GeV
- The determination of the polarization is expected to be more precise in the range $0.3 < x_F < 0.4$ ($\sqrt{s} = 27$ GeV) and $0.5 < x_F < 0.6$ ($\sqrt{s} = 10$ GeV).
- From the asymmetry determination, based on MC truth simulations with SpdRoot, the statistical accuracy of the beam polarization, for 10 minutes, is estimated in: 1.05 % at 10 GeV and 0.32 % at 27 GeV.
- The inclusive $pp \rightarrow \pi^0 X$ reaction, detected in the ECAL Endcaps, is proposed to participate in the local polarimetry at SPD, by measuring and monitoring the transverse single spin asymmetry.
- Main difficulty: the few availability of accurate experimental data in the energy range of interest for SPD.